

# Coverage Enhancement for PMR/LMR Networks

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# Agenda

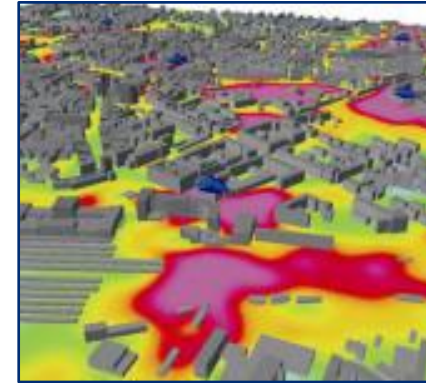


- PMR/LMR Coverage Challenges
- What is Radio Rebroadcast?
- PMR/LMR Radio Rebroadcast Solutions
- Design Considerations



# Radio Coverage Challenges

- PMR/LMR plays a vital role in maintaining and improving the personnel safety and operational efficiency in public safety, transport, resources and utilities sectors
- Large scale public safety and enterprise networks have often outstanding outdoor coverage which continues to expand
- Indoor Coverage has been limited to date
- Primary investments have been in outdoor coverage
- Strained Capex budgets have been able to serve only absolute priority sites
- New radio site deployments can be very expensive and complex



# What is Radio Rebroadcast?

- Radio Rebroadcast (RRB) is the generic term for coverage enhancement solutions that boost and extend the existing radio coverage (from a donor ) into a desired area where the coverage is poor or non-existent
- Cost effective and easy to deploy where coverage is needed with no extra capacity
- Advantages over a new radio site deployment
  - Lower equipment cost
  - No need for expensive multicoupling and backhaul
  - No additional core or spectrum licenses
  - Easier maintenance and lower operational costs



# RRB Applications

- Underground tunnels
- In-building coverage
  - Hospitals
  - Shopping Centers
  - Police and Fire Stations
  - Public Performance Venues
- Outdoor blackspots
- Remote locations and sites
- Rapid coverage deployment



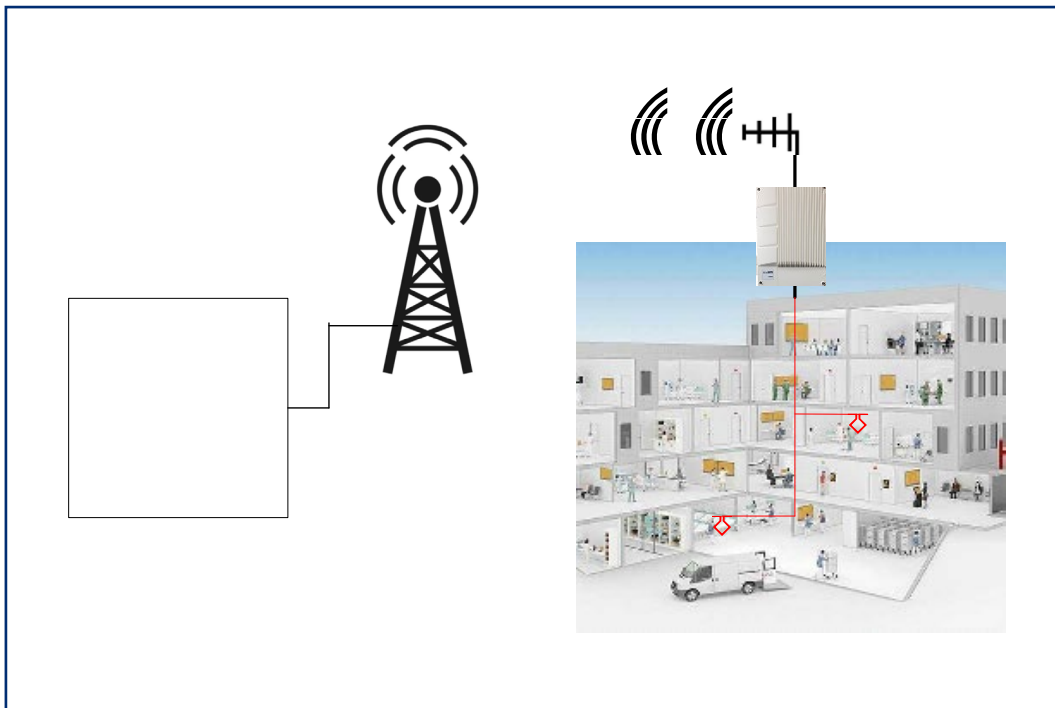


# What Radio Signals Can Be Rebroadcast?

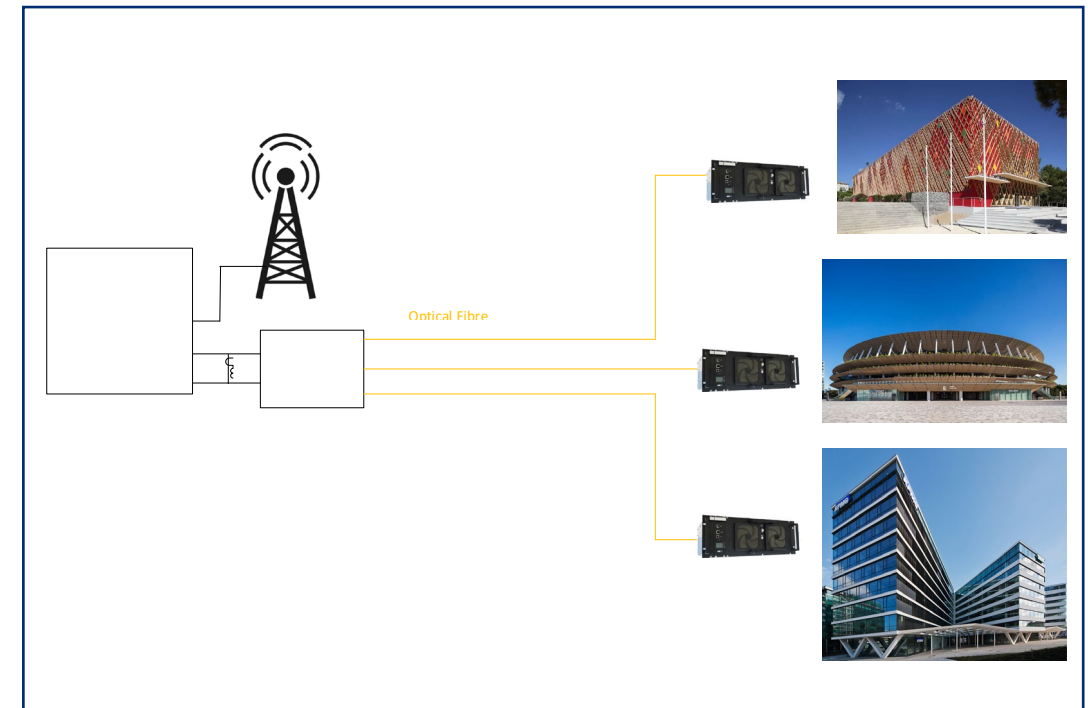
- PMR / LMR Radio Coverage (2Way Radio)
- AM/FM/DAB/DAB+ radio signals
- Paging System
- GPS
- Cellular
- WiFi



# How Does a PMR/LMR RRB System Work?



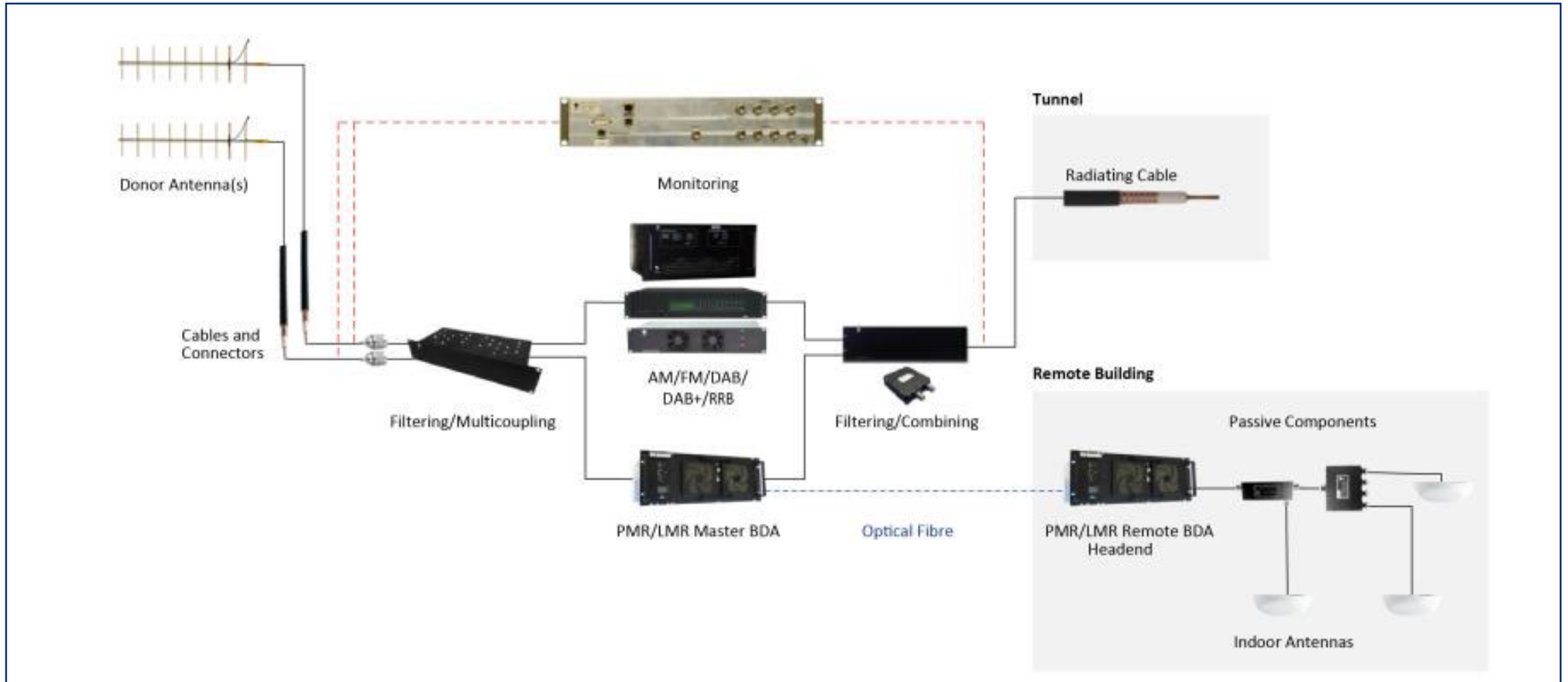
**Off-Air RRB System**



**Fibre -Fed RRB System**



# RRB System Components

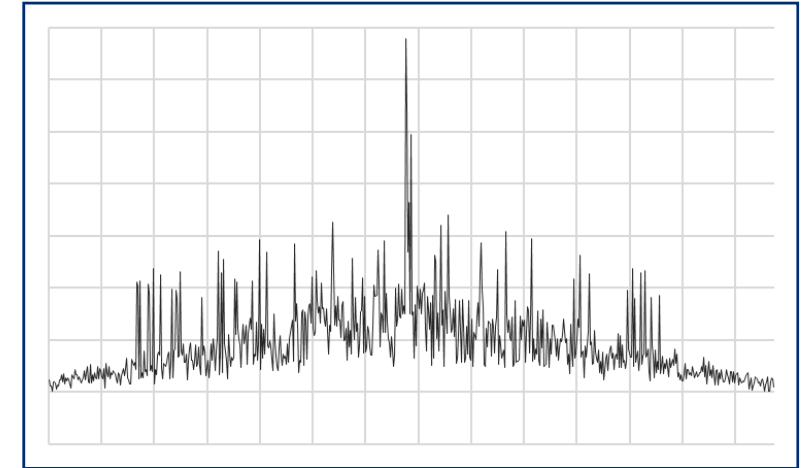




# Channel Selective VS Band Selective BDAs

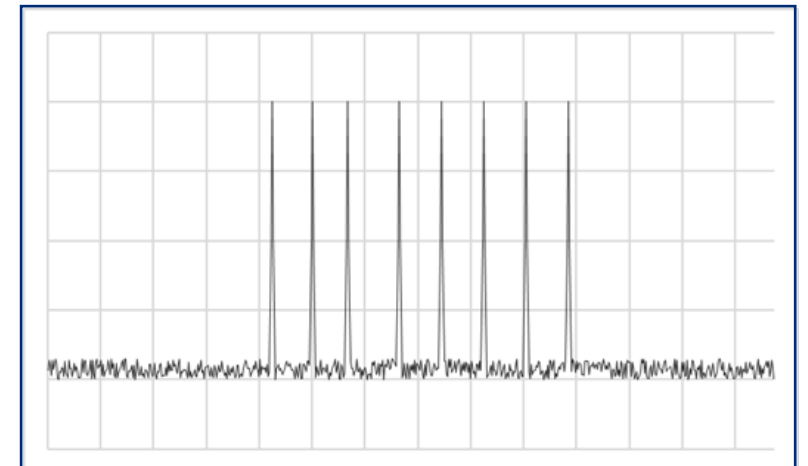
## Band Selective BDA:

- Broad frequency passband
- Potential spectrum pollution
- Part of the available power is wasted on unwanted signals and noise
- Suitable for underground and remote applications or where the spectrum regulatory requirements are not very strict



## Channel Selective BDA:

- Passes and boosts only the desired frequencies
- No spectrum pollution
- Power budget is spent only on desired signals
- Usually more expensive than band selective BDAs
- Introduces group delay due to the narrow filter width
- Additional features such as gating and equalization



# BDA Selection Criteria

- Band Selective vs. Channel Selective BDA
  - Spectrum regulatory requirements
    - Regulatory requirements are different in every country
  - BDA and desired coverage area location
    - Spectrum pollution is a less serious issue if the desired coverage area is underground or in a remote location
    - Uplink spectrum pollution: Less serious issue if the BDA is coupled with the donor site directly
- Cost
  - Channel Selective BDAs are generally more expensive
- Radio Technology and Group Delay
  - With channel selective BDAs, each radio technology requires a specific filter with a specific group delay
  - Some technologies are more sensitive to time delays
  - With channel selective BDAs, signal dominance should be carefully considered in the design. Frequency translation simplifies the design.



**Band Selective BDAs**

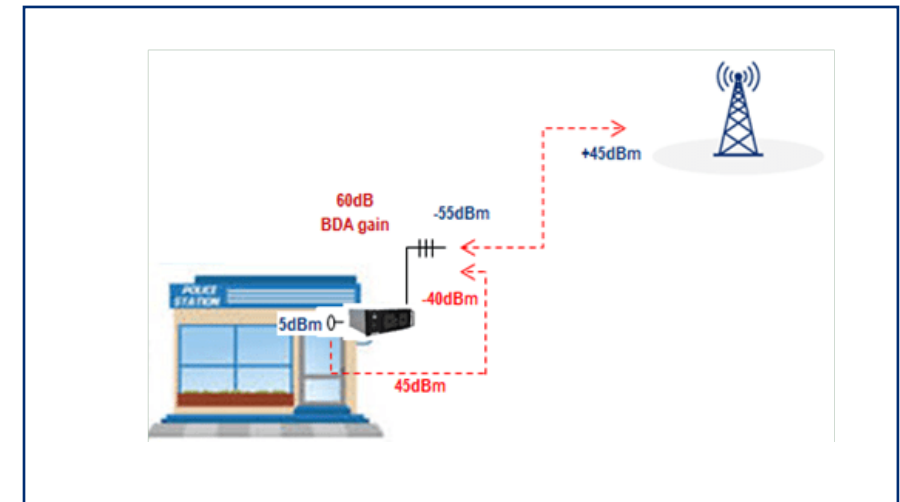
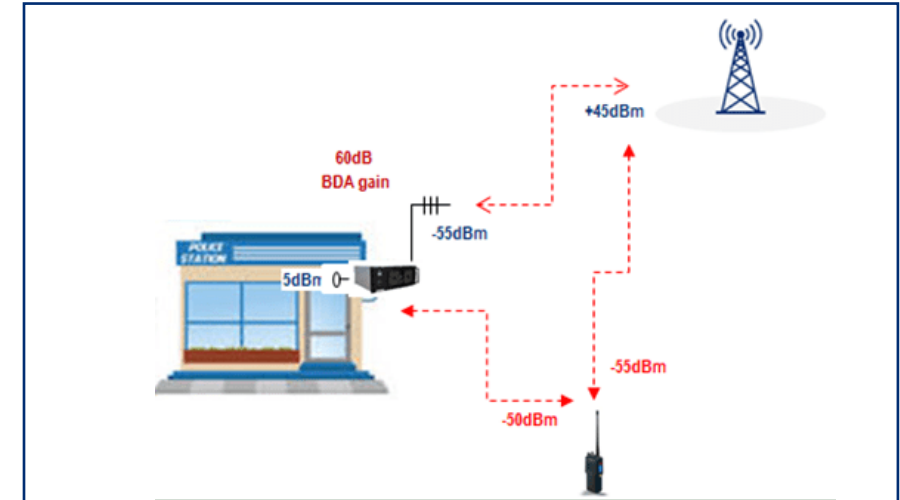


**Channel Selective BDAs (DSPbR)**



# Design Considerations

- Signal dominance in non-translating systems
  - UL signal dominance
  - DL signal dominance
- Isolation between donor and service antennas
  - 10dB higher than the gain in Non-translating BDAs
- Frequency translation relaxes isolation requirements and rectifies the signal dominance issues
  - TRex for P25 Trunking Networks
- Uplink signal levels in DAS
  - RSSI should be <-30dBm



# Deployments

- Scalable Solutions from small buildings to large and complex tunnel networks
  - From single BDA and single antenna to multiple nodes and full DAS systems for complex buildings and tunnels
- Simple deployment for small to medium installations
  - Desktop Design
  - Site Survey
  - Installation
  - Test and Commissioning



**Sydney NorthConnex**



**Waterview Tunnel**



**Maitland Hospital**



**Sydney Harbour Tunnel**





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